

Are you curious about the air you breathe, what's in it, and how it's protected?

Join us at our free monthly workshops and get an in-depth look at how we keep the air clean.

FEBRUARY 18 JULY 15

MARCH 18 AUGUST 19

APRIL 15 SEPTEMBER 16

MAY 20 OCTOBER 21

JUNE 17 NOVEMBER 18

6 p.m-7:30 p.m. | Louisville Free Public Library, 301 York St.

For more info, go to www.louisvilleky.gov/APCD (502) 574-6000



The APCD Workshop Series seeks to:

- Increase the community's understanding of Louisville's air and of APCD's many functions
- EMPOWER citizens
- Provide a more informal forum for dialogue, Q&A and feedback
- Continue with community engagement efforts



Today's workshop seeks to:

- Discuss environmental justice and its relationship to air toxics in Louisville.
- 2. Review the STAR Program, its formation and its connection to environmental justice.
- Share how collaborative efforts between the community and APCD continue to address air toxics in Louisville.



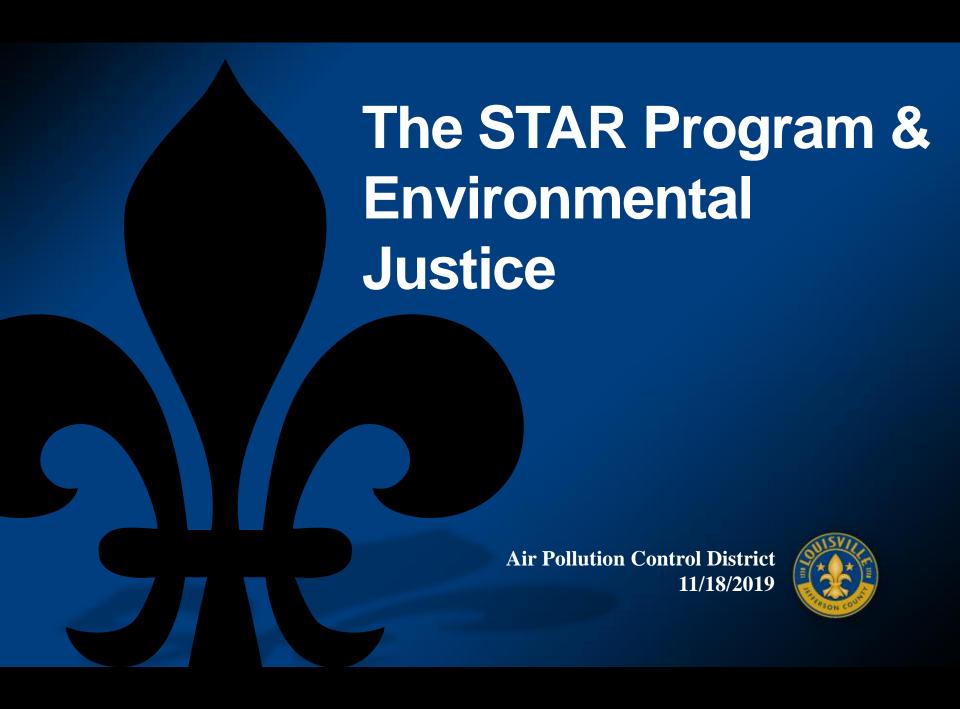
Remember...

- There are NO silly questions
- Public Participation =





- Interactive/informal workshop
 - Ask questions as they come to mind
 - Feedback? Email <u>Clearingtheair@louisvilleky.gov</u>



Roadmap

- Environmental Justice and Air Toxics in Louisville
- Louisville's STAR Program
- Current Status

Continued Efforts





What is Environmental Justice (EJ)?

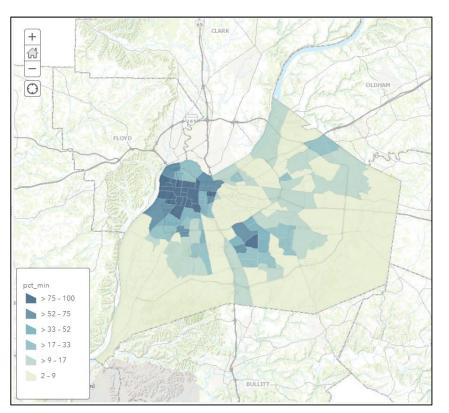
- The fair treatment and meaningful involvement of all people regardless of race, color, national origin, or income with respect to the development, implementation, and enforcement of environmental laws, regulations, and policies.
- It's achieved when everyone enjoys the same degree of protection from environmental and health hazards and equal access to the decision-making process to have a healthy environment in which to live, learn, and work.

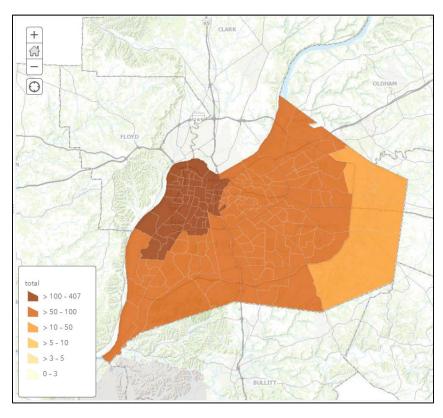
- <u>U.S. Environmental Protection Agency</u>



EJ in Louisville: Air Toxics

2000 Census Percent Minority v 2005 National Air Toxics Assessment, <u>All Sources</u>





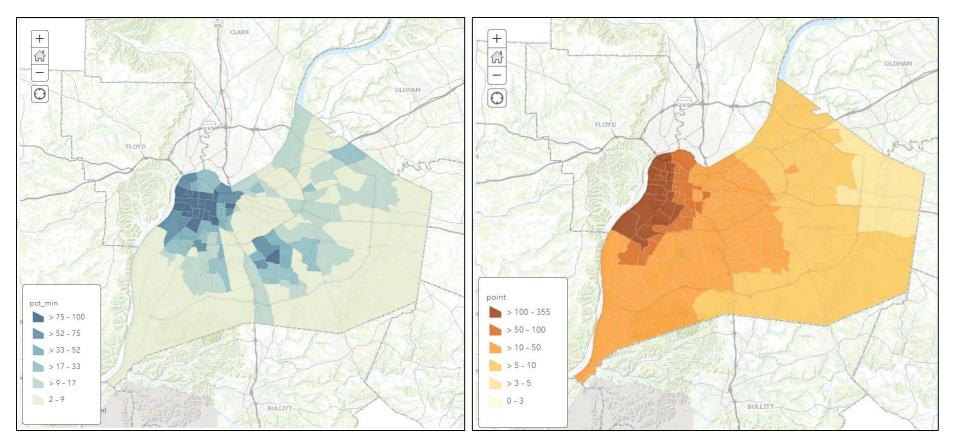
Data sourced from the U.S. Census Bureau and the National Air Toxics Assessment (NATA)



EJ In Louisville: Air Toxics

2000 Census Percent Minority v 2005 NATA Risk (in a million),

Point Sources



Data sourced from U.S. Census Bureau and the National Air Toxics Assessment (NATA) data tools.

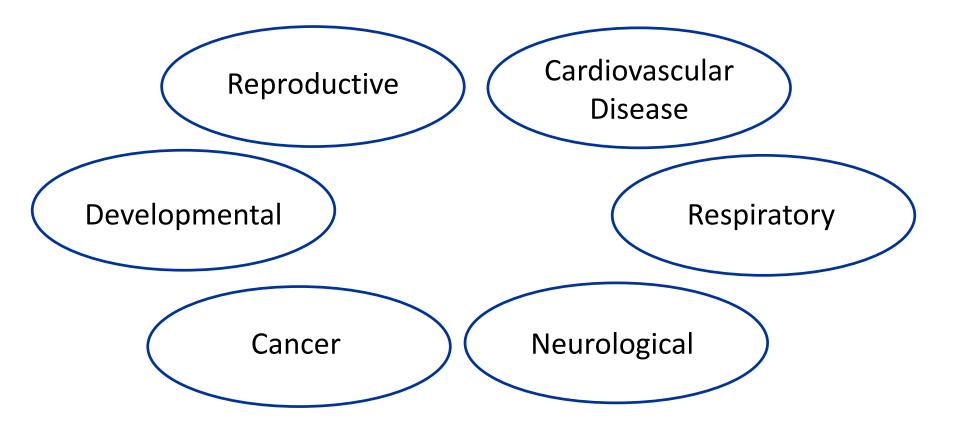


What are Air Toxics?

- Air toxics are...
 - Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)
 - Pollutants known/suspected to cause cancer or other serious health effects
 - Emitted from a variety of sources
 - E.g. cars, trucks buses, factories refineries, power plants, etc.
 - Can also come from natural sources (e.g. forest fires and volcanic eruptions)
- Exposure can occur in many ways
 - E.g. Breathing contaminated air, eating contaminated food products



Air Toxics: Health Effects





Rubbertown: In the beginning...

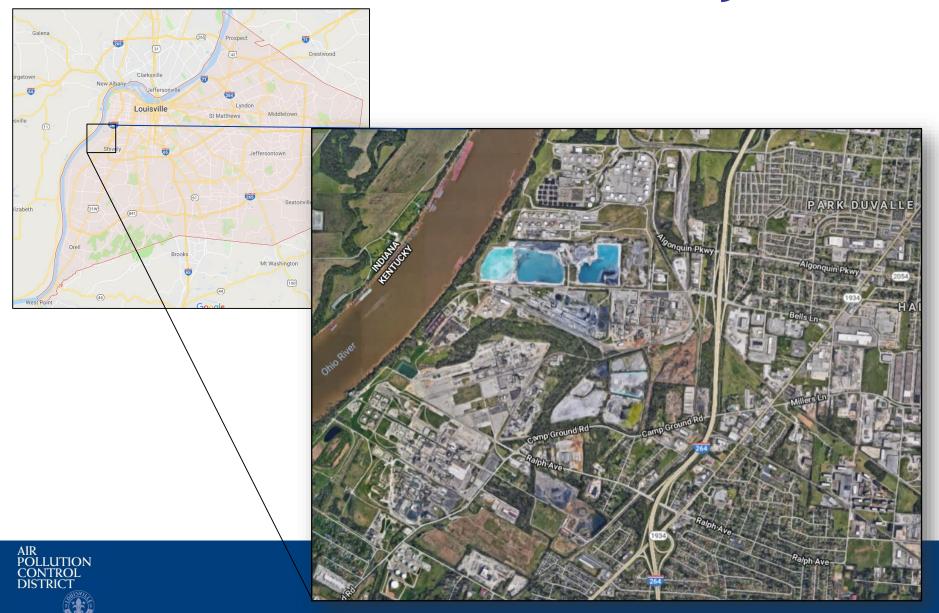
- Industrial area located in West Louisville, KY
- 1918 Formation of the Standard Oil Refinery; the facility set the stage for future industry in the area
- World War II (1939-1945) West Louisville industrial area starts producing synthetic rubber for tires and other key components used during the war; area now called "Rubbertown"



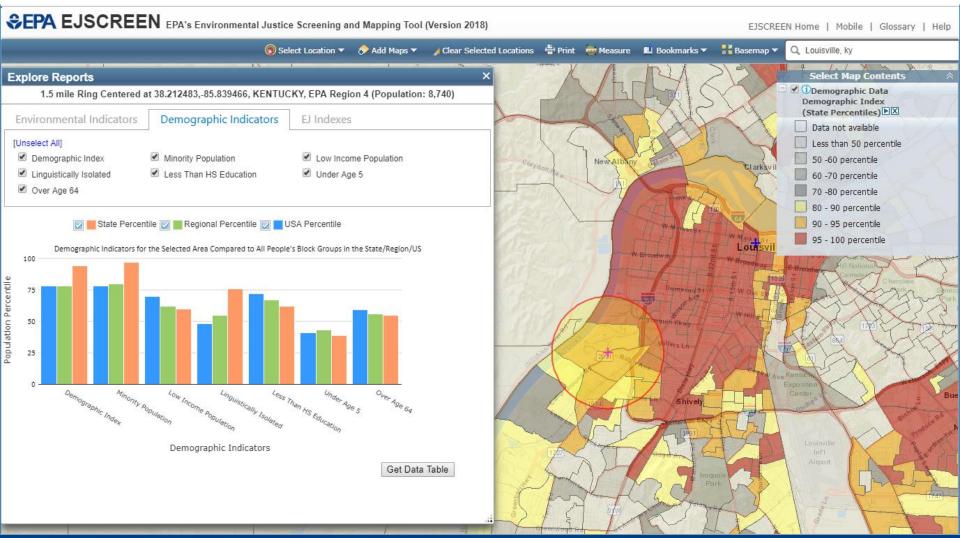




Rubbertown: Today



Rubbertown: Demographics





Why is it important to recognize areas of EJ concern?

- To address issues related to public health, equity, social justice, environmental harms, etc. that disproportionately overburden our communities
- To continue fostering collaborations that will raise awareness around EJ

- To promote public participation in community decisionmaking
- To build communities where all people can achieve their full potential



West Louisville Air Toxics Study (WLATS)

- 1-year monitoring study (April 2000 to April 2001)
- Study conducted and selected by the community
- Monitored for:
 - 83 Volatile organic Compounds (VOCs)
 - 63 Semi-VOCs
 - Formaldehyde, HCl, HF
 - 20 metals
- Results found:
 - 17 carcinogens with risk > than one in a million (1x10⁻⁶)





EPA Relative Risk Screening Assessment

- Conducted by the U.S. EPA Region 4
- Released the toxics characterization report during the WLATS study
- Assessment evaluated 736 counties in 8 southeast (KY, TN, GA, NC, SC, FL, AL, MS) states
- Jefferson County was the number one county in risk of exposure to toxic air pollutants in the 8 southeast states





Toxics Release Inventory (TRI) Program

- Created by <u>EPCRA</u> (Section 313) in 1986
- Tracks the management of certain toxic chemicals that may pose a threat to human health and the environment
- U.S. facilities must report annually if:
 - In certain industries
 - > 10 FTEs
 - 100/10,000/25,000 lb. thresholds
- Report excess emissions releases to air, water, & land



National Air Toxics Assessment (NATA)

- Periodic national modeling of outdoor air toxics from all sources (2005, 2011, 2014)
- Designed to help reduce toxic air pollution and build on the large emissions cuts achieved in the United States since 1990.
- A screening tool for state, local and tribal air agencies



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The Clean Air Act (CAA) and Air Toxics

- Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)
- The Clean Air Act (CAA) requires EPA to regulate "toxic air pollutants...from large industrial facilities in two phases":
 - Phase 1: "Technology-based" approach
 - Phase 2: "Risk-based" approach



STAR Program Development

A regulatory program to reduce harmful contaminants in the air we breathe, to better protect the health of our citizens, and enhance the quality of life.





STAR Program Timeline

1996 - 2000

WJCCTF formed; WJCCTF begins hosting Monthly Meetings Sept. 2004

First Draft STAR Program **July 2005**

Adopted STAR Program













2000 **-** 2003

West Louisville Air Toxics Study Jan. 2005

Proposed STAR Program 2005 -Present

Implementation



STAR Program Highlights

The STAR Program

- 1. Provides a framework for determining the environmental acceptability of toxics
- Requires companies to assess and address air toxics emissions
- Requires APCD to assess and address other sources toxic emissions





Community Involvement

BEFORE the adoption of STAR

- Multiple community meetings and public forums (over 50)
 held to discuss the STAR Program & the draft regulations
 - Monthly presentations by EPA, local industries, local agencies, community groups and citizens/Rubbertown residents
- Built consensus on key issues
 - E.g. location of monitoring sites, target level risks, pollutants of concern
- Opportunities for public comment





Community Involvement

AFTER the adoption of STAR...

- Stakeholder Groups
 - STAR Implementation Advisory Group (2005 2007)
 - Reviewed "nuts and bolts" of the newly implemented STAR Program
 - STAR Regulation 5.30 Stakeholder Group (2005 2007)
 - Developed, reviewed and commented on, the "Report" assessing the risk to human health and welfare and the "Plan of Action" to reduce risk from "smaller sources" emitting toxic emissions throughout the community
 - STAR Advisory Group



What toxic chemicals are regulated under STAR?

Toxic Air Contaminants (TACs)

- Category 1 18 identified from the West Louisville Air Toxics Study (WLATS)
- Category 2 19 identified Risk Screening Environmental Indicators (EPA-4 ATRRSA)
- Category 3 Urban Air Toxics not included under Category 1 or 2
- Category 4 Remaining Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)



What sources are regulated under the STAR Program?

- All Title V
- Larger FEDOOPs
- General Duty allows for review of any source





The STAR Program

- What's the science?
 - APCD relies upon toxicologists and other researchers to establish risk levels of each chemical
 - Benchmark Ambient Concentration (BAC)
- What's the permitting process?
 - EPA approved dispersion models are used to estimate maximum concentrations
 - Compared to BAC "magic number"
 - Ratio is Cancer Risk or Hazard Quotient
 - Set compliant emission rate as limit in permit
 - Develop compliance demonstration methods



Roadmap

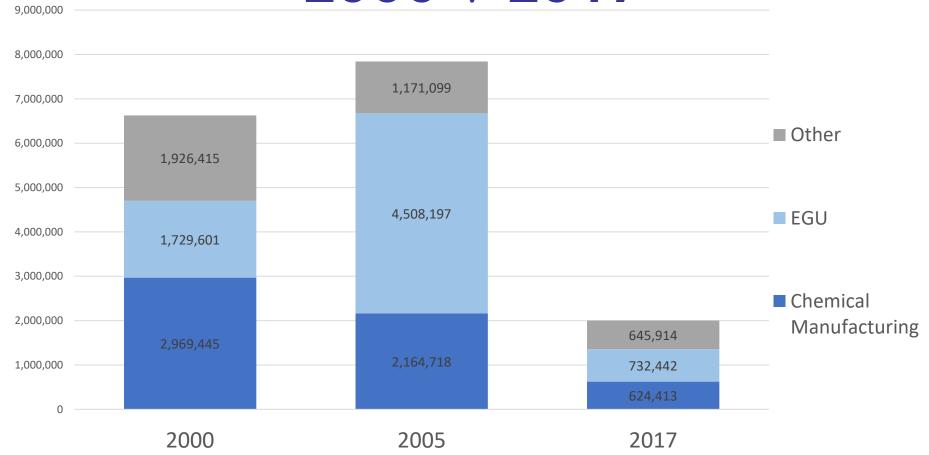
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Total Air Toxics 2000 v 2017

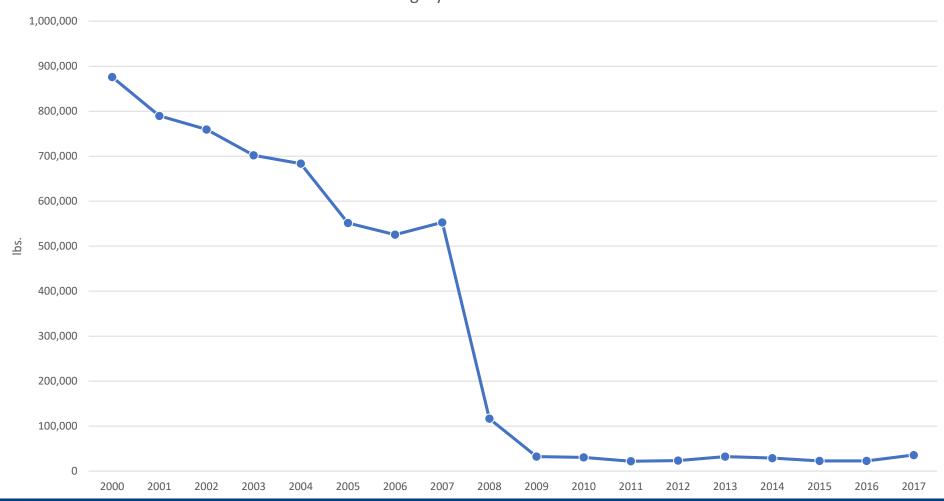


Source: EPA Toxics Release Inventory



Louisville Toxic Air Emissions 2000-2017

Category 1 TAC Emissions





National Toxic Air Emissions 2000-2016

$2000 - 11^{th}$

	County	Total Air Releases
1	LEE, MS	3,046,517
2	ELKHART, IN	2,691,389
3	HARRIS, TX	2,160,894
4	ERIE, PA	1,856,482
5	BARCELONETA, PR	1,366,249
6	MONROE, NY	1,322,591
7	GIBSON, TN	1,305,875
8	ALLEN, OH	1,155,452
9	GEORGETOWN, SC	1,139,579
10	LUZERNE, PA	1,085,249
11	JEFFERSON, KY	875,948
12	JEFFERSON, TX	832,067

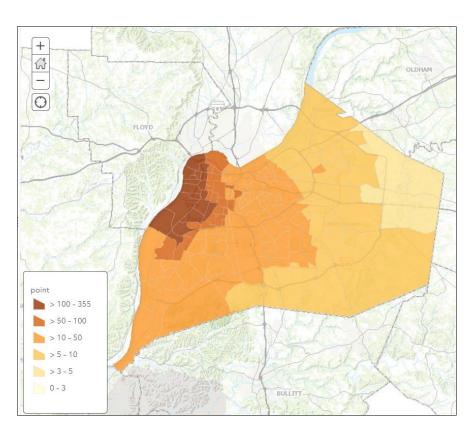
$2016 - 153^{rd}$

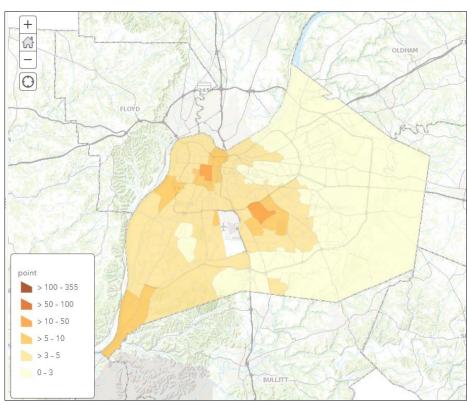
	County	Total Air Releases
1	HARRIS, TX	778,561
2	TUSCARAWAS, OH	714,326
3	HARRISON, IN	587,624
4	JEFFERSON, TX	533,888
5	GEORGETOWN, SC	369,125
6	BRAZORIA, TX	297,720
7	SEDGWICK, KS	289,021
8	CALCASIEU PARISH, LA	286,815
9	ST JOHN THE BAPTIST PARIS, LA	256,927
10	YAUCO, PR	253,992
11	CHATHAM, NC	252,104
12	ASCENSION PARISH, LA	225,733
152	HAMILTON, OH	25,133
153	JEFFERSON, KY	25,086



Progress to Date: Health Risk

2005 v 2014 National Air Toxics Assessment – Point Sources





National Air Toxics Assessment (NATA)



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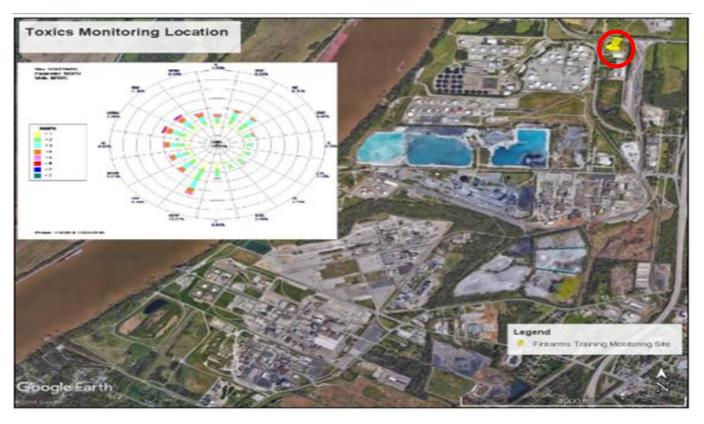
Continued Efforts





Air Toxics Monitoring

Firearms Training Air Monitoring Site



Stay up-to-date on APCD's Air Toxics Monitoring Project at louisvilleky.gov/government/air-pollution-control-district/epa-air-toxics-monitoring-project-louisville



What is being monitored?

CAS No.	Compound	TAC No.
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	1
71-43-2	Benzene	1
75-25-2	Bromoform	1
106-99-0	1,3 Butadiene	1
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	1
67-66-3	Chloroform	1
106-46-7	1,4 Dichlorobenzene	1
75-09-2	Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane)	1

CAS No.	<u>Compound</u>	TAC No.
127-18-4	Perchloroethylene (Tetrachloroethylene)	1
79-01-6	Trichloroethylene	1
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	1
108-88-3	Toluene	1
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	2
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone (4-Methyl- 2-pentanone)	4
100-42-5	Styrene	4
80-62-6	Methyl methacrylate	4
140-88-5	Ethyl acrylate	4



Collaborations with EPA: <u>RARE Project</u>



NEIC 2018 Tech Summit, Denver CO, August 21, 2018

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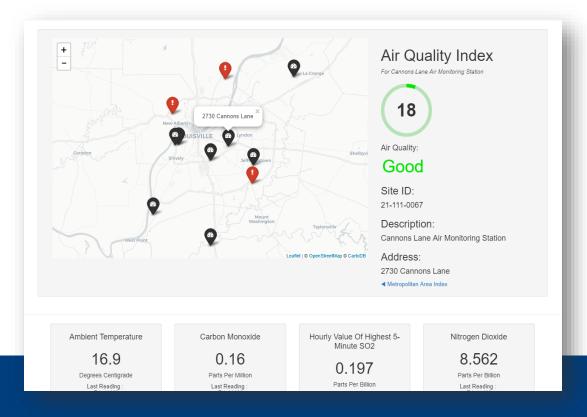
NRMRL Fugitive and Area Source Gro Source and Fenceline Measurements Methods and Technology Development



Louisville Air Watch "2.0"

- Improved access to current air monitoring network data, including air toxics
- Improved user interface
- Look-up function for data from previous days







Clearing the Air Workshop Series

- Educate and further empower Louisville residents
- Provide an accurate picture of Louisville's AQ
- Offer trainings on Understanding Risk, EPA's Toxic Release Inventory (TRI), BenMap and more



AIR POLLUTION





Multi-Pollutant Risk-Based AQ Management Strategy Project

Goal(s) **Outcomes** Evaluate and prioritize control strategies Prioritized emission to reduce ozone and come into attainment reduction strategies Quantified health outcome with NAAQS Explore co-benefits of ozone reduction improvements and strategies to air toxics and fine particulate associated benefits emissions Stakeholder input Use BenMAP to quantify the anticipated health benefits of air quality **improvements**





Other Opportunities

- Environmental Justice Policy
 - Work with community and across LMG to develop a policy that addresses environmental justice issues throughout Louisville Metro
 - EJ Policy development is a strategy included in *Resilient Louisville*
- GHG Emissions Reduction Plan
 - Explore how actions set forth in the GHG Emissions Reduction Plan can work to help address EJ issues in Louisville Metro communities





Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Plan

DRAFT prepared for Louisville Metro Government by Stantec Consulting Services, Inc.



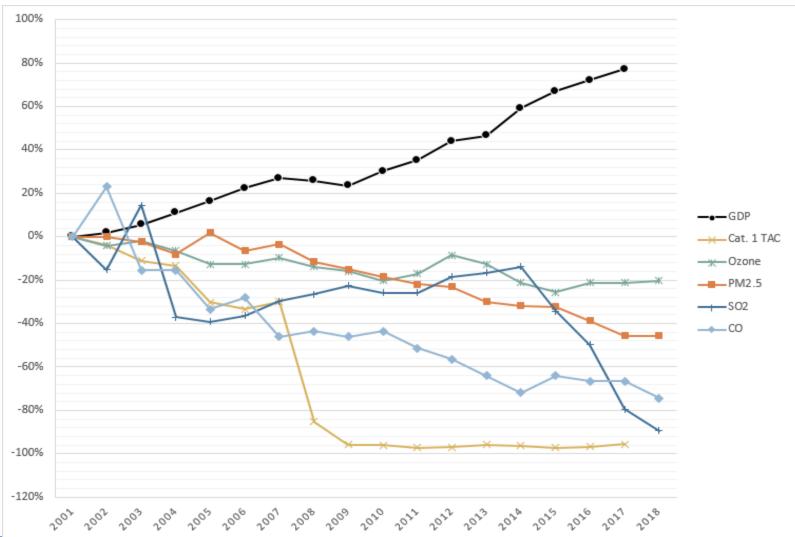
Continuing the Conversation

- Support/create opportunities for meaningful involvement by all people.
- Continue offering transparent and frequent opportunities for our community to learn about our work.
- Continue highlighting public participation
 opportunities built into our processes, from reg
 development to implementation to enforcement.
- Work collectively with other LMG departments and agencies to raise awareness around EJ in Louisville





Heading in the right direction...





Resources

APCD Open Records Request

EPA EJSCREEN

STAR Program

EPA National Air Toxics

Assessment

APCD Clearing the Air Workshop

Series

(NATA)

EPA Environmental Justice

West Jefferson County

Community Task Force

(WJCCTF)

EPA Hazardous Air Pollutants



Resources

Rubbertown Community

Advisory Council (RCAC)

EPA Reporting

EnvironmentViolations

EPA National Emissions

Inventory (NEI)

National Environmental Policy Act

Assist (NEPAssist)

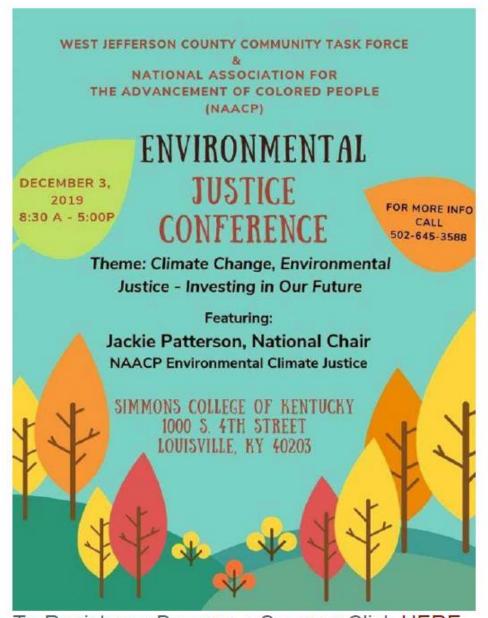
Rubbertown Emergency

ACTion (REACT)

EPA Enforcement & Compliance

History Online (ECHO)







To Register or Become a Sponsor Click HERE

Questions?

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